

July 2009

TRANSFIELD SERVICES PTY. LTD., RINGWOOD, VICTORIA

EastLink Ventilation Stack Emission Monitoring Report April - June 2009

Submitted to: Transfield Services Pty. Ltd.



This document is issued in accordance with NATA's accreditation requirements. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national standards.

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REPORT

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Table of Contents

1.0	INTRO	DUCTION	1
2.0	DISCH	ARGES TO AIR	2 - 3
3.0	VENTIL	ATION STACK MONITORING PARAMETERS	3
4.0	METHO	DDS	4 - 5
	4.1	PM _{2.5}	4
	4.2	PM ₁₀	4
	4.3	Carbon Monoxide	4
	4.4	Oxides of Nitrogen	5
	4.5	Stack Velocity	5
5.0	MEASU	JREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
6.0	VENTIL	ATION STACK EMISSION MONITORING PERIOD: 01/04/2009 – 30/06/2009	7 - 14
	6.1	Data Capture	7
	6.2	Results	8
	6.2.1	PM _{2.5}	8
	6.2.2	PM ₁₀	9
	6.2.3	Carbon Monoxide	10
	6.2.4	Oxides of Nitrogen	11
	6.2.4.1	Nitric Oxide	11
	6.2.4.2	Nitrogen Dioxide	12
	6.2.5	Stack Velocity	13
	6.3	Data Validation and Exception	14
7.0	VENTIL	ATION STACK EMISSION MONITORING PERIOD: 01/05/2009 – 31/05/2009	15 - 22
	7.1	Data Capture	15
	7.2	Results	
	7.2.1	PM _{2.5}	
	7.2.2	PM ₁₀	17
	7.2.3	Carbon Monoxide	
	7.2.4	Oxides of Nitrogen	19
	7.2.4.1	Nitric Oxide	19
	7.2.4.2	Nitrogen Dioxide	20





Table of Contents

	7.2.5	Stack Velocity	21
	7.3	Data Validation and Exception	22
8.0	VENTIL	ATION STACK EMISSION MONITORING PERIOD: 01/06/2009 – 30/06/2009	23 - 30
	8.1	Data Capture	23
	8.2	Results	24
	8.2.1	PM _{2.5}	24
	8.2.2	PM ₁₀	25
	8.2.3	Carbon Monoxide	26
	8.2.4	Oxides of Nitrogen	27
	8.2.4.1	Nitric Oxide	27
	8.2.4.2	Nitrogen Dioxide	28
	8.2.5	Stack Velocity	29
	8.3	Data Validation and Exception	
9.0	DISCU	SSION	31
	9.1	Comparison with Licence Limits	

TABLES

Table 1: Discharges to Air	2
Table 2: Measurement Uncertainty	6
Table 3: Data Capture Statistics - 1 Hour Averages	7
Table 4: PM2.5 Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	8
Table 5: PM ₁₀ Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	9
Table 6: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	10
Table 7: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate Percentile (1 Hour Average)	11
Table 8: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	12
Table 9: Data Exceptions - Eastern Ventilation Stack: April 2009	14
Table 10: Data Exceptions - Western Ventilation Stack: April 2009	14
Table 11: Data Capture Statistics - 1 Hour Averages	15
Table 12: PM2.5 Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	16
Table 13: PM10 Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	17
Table 14: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	18
Table 15: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	19





Table of Contents

Table 16: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	20
Table 17: Data Exceptions - Eastern Ventilation Stack: May 2009	22
Table 18: Data Exceptions - Western Ventilation Stack: May 2009	22
Table 19: Data Capture Statistics - 1 Hour Averages	23
Table 20: PM _{2.5} Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	24
Table 21: PM ₁₀ Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	25
Table 22: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	26
Table 23: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	27
Table 24: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)	28
Table 25: Data Exceptions - Eastern Ventilation Stack: June 2009	30
Table 26: Data Exceptions - Western Ventilation Stack: June 2009	30
Table 27: Maximum (1 Hour Average) Mass Rate (01/01/2009 - 30/06/2009)	31
Table 28: Data Capture Year to Date	31

FIGURES

Figure 1: Ventilation Stack Locations	2
Figure 2: PM _{2.5} Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	8
Figure 3: PM ₁₀ Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	9
Figure 4: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	10
Figure 5: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	11
Figure 6: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	12
Figure 7: Stack Velocity (1 Hour Average)	13
Figure 8: PM _{2.5} Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	16
Figure 9: PM ₁₀ Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	17
Figure 10: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	18
Figure 11: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	19
Figure 12: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	20
Figure 13: Stack Velocity (1 Hour Average)	21
Figure 14: PM _{2.5} Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	24
Figure 15: PM ₁₀ Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	25
Figure 16: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	26





Table of Contents

Figure 17: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	27
Figure 18: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)	
Figure 19: Stack Velocity (1 Hour Average)	29

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A Limitations



1.0 INTRODUCTION

EastLink is a 39-kilometre motorway running between Donvale in Melbourne's north east to Frankston in Melbourne's south east with two tunnels under the Mullum Mullum Valley. Transfield Services, who are responsible for operation and maintenance of the road, commisioned Golder Associates Pty. Ltd. {trading as A.W.N. (Air Water Noise) Consultants} to provide continuous emission monitoring services for the EastLink Road project. The services provided include:

- Operations and maintenance services for the EastLink ventilation stack continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS);
- NATA endorsed emission monitoring reports.

Monitoring commenced on the 29th June, 2008 with the opening of the EastLink motorway. Results for the sampling period 1st April, 2009 to 30th June, 2009 inclusive are contained in the following report.

Your attention is drawn to the document - "Limitations", which is included in Attachment A of this report. The statements presented in this document are intended to advise you of what your realistic expectations of this report should be. The document is not intended to reduce the level of responsibility accepted by Golder, but rather to ensure that all parties who may rely on this report are aware of the responsibilities each assumes in so doing.



2.0 DISCHARGES TO AIR

EastLink has discharges to air servicing two road tunnels. Discharge Point No. 1 (DP1) services the inbound (Melba) tunnel and Discharge Point No. 2 (DP2) services the outbound (Mullum Mullum) tunnel.

The locations of the discharges to air are described in Table 1 and presented in Figure 1.

Table 1: Discharges to Air

Discharge Point No.	Station Name	Location
1	Western ventilation stack	Western end of inbound tunnel (Melba) - Donvale
2	Eastern ventilation stack	Eastern end outbound tunnel (Mullum Mullum) – Ringwood

Monitoring equipment is housed in temperature controlled cabinets located at the base of each of the ventilation stacks. Particulate and gaseous sample inlets are installed inside the plenum chamber of each of the ventilation stacks.



Figure 1: Ventilation Stack Locations



3.0 VENTILATION STACK MONITORING PARAMETERS

The following parameters are monitored continuously, with averages logged at 5 minute intervals.

- Particulate matter with an equivalent aerodynamic diameter less than 2.5 microns (PM_{2.5});
- Particulate matter with an equivalent aerodynamic diameter less than 10 microns (PM₁₀);
- Total oxides of nitrogen (NO_x);
- Nitric oxide (NO);
- Nitrogen dioxide (NO₂);
- Carbon monoxide (CO);
- Stack velocity;
- Stack temperature and
- Ambient pressure.



4.0 METHODS

4.1 PM_{2.5}

PM_{2.5} concentrations in the tunnel ventilation stacks are determined using a 1400 Series Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) analyser, located in the plenum chamber of the ventilation stacks.

Exhaust gas is drawn through a $PM_{2.5}$ size selective inlet (PM_{10} WINS head fitted with a $PM_{2.5}$ sharp cut cyclone (SCC)) at 1 m³/h. The flow is then isokinetically split into two streams; 1 l/min stream which passes through the filter on the mass transducer and a 15.7 l/min bypass stream.

The sample stream is heated to 50°C to maintain a low and therefore relatively constant humidity.

Measurements are made in real-time (2 s intervals) with the 5-minute averages logged. 1-hour averages are then calculated from the logged data.

The PM_{2.5} monitoring method is based on the requirements of Australian Standard AS 3580.9.8, "Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Ambient Air: Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter – PM₁₀ Continuous Direct Mass Method Using a Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance Analyser".

4.2 PM₁₀

PM₁₀ concentrations in the tunnel ventilation stacks are determined using a 1400 Series Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) analyser, located in the plenum chamber of the ventilation stacks.

Exhaust gas is drawn through a PM_{10} size selective inlet (PM_{10} WINS head) at 1 m³/h. The flow is then isokinetically split into two streams; 1 l/min stream which passes through the filter on the mass transducer and a 15.7 l/min bypass stream.

The sample stream is heated to 50°C to maintain a low and therefore relatively constant humidity.

Measurements are made in real-time (2 s intervals) with the 5-minute averages logged. 1-hour averages are then calculated from the logged data.

The PM₁₀ monitoring method is based on the requirements of Australian Standard AS 3580.9.8, *"Methods for Sampling and Analysis of Ambient Air: Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter – PM₁₀ Continuous Direct Mass Method Using a Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance Analyser".*

4.3 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide concentrations in the tunnel ventilation stacks are determined by infra-red gas filter correlation analysers.

Automatic calibrations are carried out daily against a NATA certified reference gas mixture. Manual calibrations are conducted at one month intervals.

The carbon monoxide monitoring method is based on the requirements of Australian Standard AS 3580.7.1-1992, "*Determination of Carbon Monoxide – Direct Reading Instrumental Method*".





4.4 Oxides of Nitrogen

Oxides of nitrogen concentrations in the tunnel ventilation stacks are determined by chemiluminescence gas analysers.

Automatic calibrations are carried out daily against a NATA certified reference gas mixture. Manual calibrations are conducted at one month intervals.

The oxides of nitrogen (NO, NO₂ and NO_x) monitoring method is based on the requirements of Australian Standard AS 3580.5.1-1993, *"Determination of Oxides of Nitrogen – Chemiluminescence Method"*.

4.5 Stack Velocity

Stack gas velocity was determined using an optical flow sensor that complies with USEPA Code of Federal Regulations (CFR 40) Part 75, *"Continuous Emission Monitoring"* requirements.





5.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 2: Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Method	Estimated Uncertainty		
PM ₁₀	TEOM	± 5%		
PM _{2.5}	TEOM	± 5%		
NO, NO ₂ , NO _X	Chemiluminescence	± 10%		
СО	Infra-red gas filter correlation	± 10%		
Stack velocity	Optical flow sensor	\pm 0.1 m/s or 5% of reading, whichever is greater		



6.0 VENTILATION STACK EMISSION MONITORING PERIOD: 01/04/2009 – 30/04/2009

6.1 Data Capture

Data capture is defined as the number of valid data periods collected divided by the number of available data periods. Valid data excludes periods where the instrument is unavailable due to calibration and maintenance and excludes periods where the data has been rejected due to quality assurance/data validation procedures.

The data capture statistics for the reporting period 1st April to 30th April, 2009 are shown in Table 3. Averages were only collected for those periods where the 5-minute data constituted 75% data capture.

Section 6.3 provides further information on the reasons for invalid data periods.

Parameter	Station	Collected Periods	Available Periods	Data Capture
PM _{2.5}	Eastern	717	720	99.6%
	Western	718	720	99.7%
PM ₁₀	Eastern	718	720	99.7%
	Western	717	720	99.6%
NO, NO ₂	Eastern	632	720	87.8%
	Western	688	720	95.6%
со	Eastern	688	720	95.6%
	Western	688	720	95.6%

Table 3: Data Capture Statistics - 1 Hour Averages



6.2 Results

6.2.1 PM_{2.5}

 $PM_{2.5}$ was continuously monitored and 5 minute averages logged. The 5 minute average data was then transformed to 1 hour averages for reporting.

 $PM_{2.5}$ (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 4. A plot of $PM_{2.5}$ (1 hour average) mass rate of emission for the reporting period is presented in Figure 2.

Table 4: PM_{2.5} Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Station	PM _{2.5} Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)						
	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.39	0.23	0.20	0.18	0.15	0.12	0.04
Western	0.38	0.28	0.24	0.20	0.17	0.11	0.05

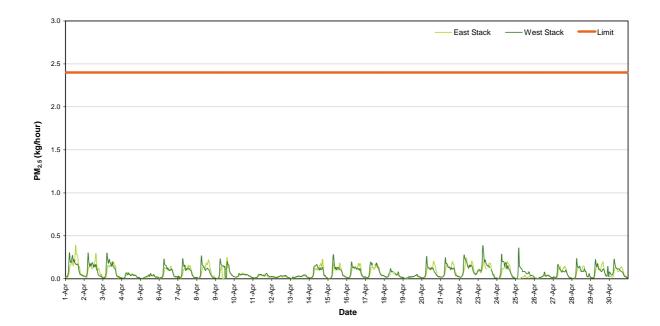


Figure 2: PM_{2.5} Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



6.2.2 PM₁₀

 PM_{10} was continuously monitored and 5 minute averages logged. The 5 minute average data was then transformed to 1 hour averages for reporting.

 PM_{10} (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 5. A plot of PM_{10} (1 hour average) mass rate of emission for the reporting period is presented in Figure 3.

Table 5: PM₁₀ Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Station	PM ₁₀ Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)						
	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.52	0.31	0.29	0.25	0.21	0.16	0.06
Western	0.84	0.40	0.32	0.25	0.21	0.14	0.06

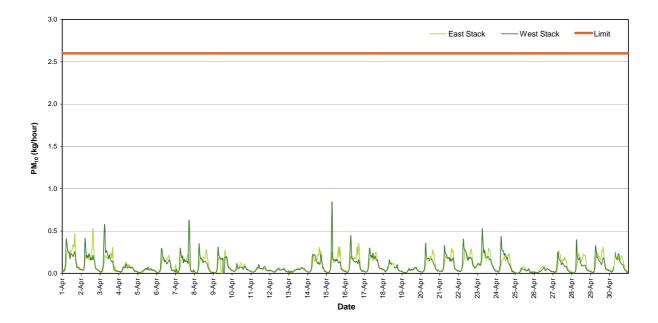


Figure 3: PM₁₀ Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)





6.2.3 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 6. A plot of carbon monoxide (1 hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 4.

Table 6: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Oterlan		Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)									
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th				
Eastern	31	22	21	19	15	10	7.3				
Western	30	29	25	18	15	11	7.6				

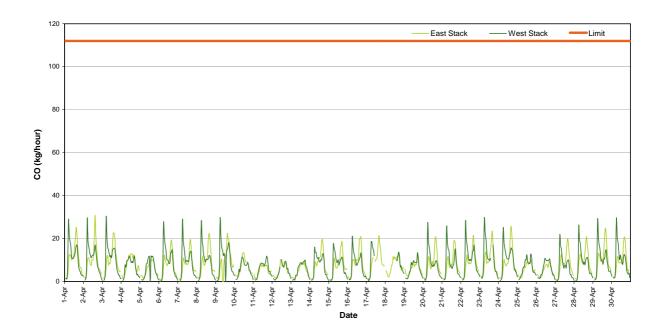


Figure 4: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



6.2.4 Oxides of Nitrogen

6.2.4.1 Nitric Oxide

Nitric oxide (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 7. A plot of nitric oxide (1 hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 5.

Table 7: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate Percentile (1 Hour Average)

Quartiere	Nitric Oxide Concentration (ppm) (1-Hour Average)								
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th		
Eastern	4.8	3.7	3.5	3.2	2.7	2.2	1.1		
Western	11	11	10	7.1	6.5	5.2	2.7		

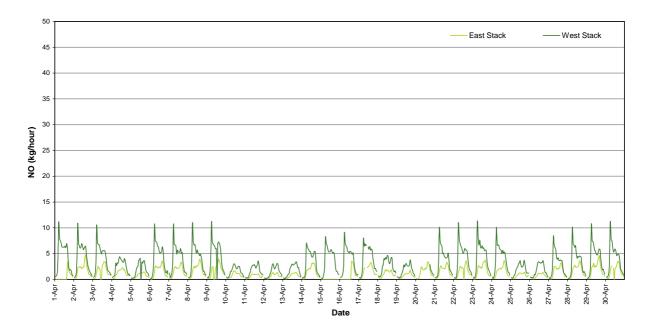


Figure 5: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



6.2.4.2 Nitrogen Dioxide

Nitrogen dioxide (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 8. A plot of nitrogen dioxide (1 hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 6.

Table 8: Nitroge	n Dioxide Mas	ss Rate Perce	entiles (1 Hour	Average)
------------------	---------------	---------------	-----------------	----------

Otatian		Nitrog	lass Rate (kg/h	s Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)			
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
Western	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.3

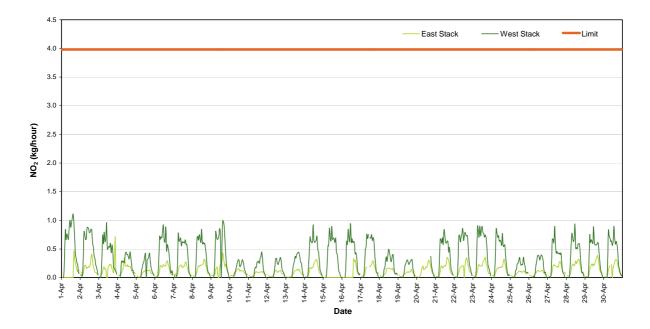


Figure 6: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



6.2.5 Stack Velocity

The stack velocity (1 hour average) plot for the reporting period is presented in Figure 7.

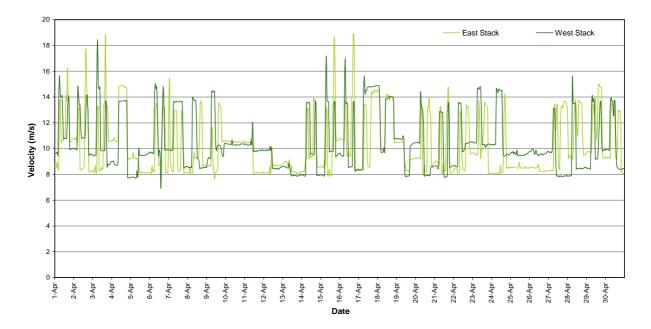


Figure 7: Stack Velocity (1 Hour Average)



6.3 Data Validation and Exception

Data contained in the report has been validated against performance and calibration requirements for each instrument. Data during maintenance and calibration periods has been removed from the validated data sets. Tables 9 and 10 list the data exceptions for the eastern and western ventilation stacks respectively. Data during automatic calibrations of the gaseous atmospheric contaminants has also been removed from the data sets.

Table 9: Data Exceptions - Eastern Ventilation Stack: April 2009

	Eastern Ventilation Stack									
Start	End	Parameter	Reason							
1/04/2009 3:00	1/04/2009 14:00	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Invalid data - span drift							
1/04/2009 14:10	1/04/2009 15:15	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							
3/04/2009 10:05	3/04/2009 11:20	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							
9/04/2009 9:35	9/04/2009 10:30	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							
9/04/2009 9:35	9/04/2009 11:15	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration							
15/04/2009 3:00	16/04/2009 13:30	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Invalid data - span drift							
16/04/2009 13:40	16/04/2009 14:40	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							
22/04/2009 13:15	22/04/2009 13:45	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							
30/04/2009 10:45	30/04/2009 12:00	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							

Table 10: Data Exceptions - Western Ventilation Stack: April 2009

	Western Ventilation Stack										
Start	End	Parameter	Reason								
5/04/2009 13:20	5/04/2009 14:10	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , CO	Maintenance/calibration								
5/04/2009 13:20	5/04/2009 14:10	PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration								
7/04/2009 17:50	7/04/2009 18:25	PM ₁₀	Unrealistic data								
9/04/2009 13:25	9/04/2009 14:50	PM ₁₀	Maintenance/calibration								
9/04/2009 13:40	9/04/2009 14:05	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , CO	Maintenance/calibration								



7.0 VENTILATION STACK EMISSION MONITORING PERIOD: 01/05/2009 – 31/05/2009

7.1 Data Capture

Data capture is defined as the number of valid data periods collected divided by the number of available data periods. Valid data excludes periods where the instrument is unavailable due to calibration and maintenance and excludes periods where the data has been rejected due to quality assurance/data validation procedures.

The data capture statistics for the reporting period 1st May to 31st May, 2009 are shown in Table 11. Averages were only collected for those periods where the 5-minute data constituted 75% data capture.

Section 7.3 provides further information on the reasons for invalid data periods.

Parameter	Station	Collected Periods	Available Periods	Data Capture
PM _{2.5}	Eastern	740	744	99.5%
	Western	740	744	99.5%
PM ₁₀	Eastern	740	744	99.5%
	Western	742	744	99.7%
NO, NO ₂	Eastern	710	744	95.4%
	Western	710	744	95.4%
СО	Eastern	710	744	95.4%
	Western	709	744	95.3%

Table 11: Data Capture Statistics - 1 Hour Averages



7.2 Results

7.2.1 PM_{2.5}

 $PM_{2.5}$ was continuously monitored and 5 minute averages logged. The 5 minute average data was then transformed to 1 hour averages for reporting.

 $PM_{2.5}$ (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 12. A plot of $PM_{2.5}$ (1 hour average) mass rate of emission for the reporting period is presented in Figure 8.

Table 12: PM_{2.5} Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Quartian			PM _{2.5} Mass R	ate (kg/h) (1-H	our Average)		
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.26	0.21	0.19	0.16	0.14	0.11	0.04
Western	0.27	0.24	0.21	0.17	0.15	0.11	0.05

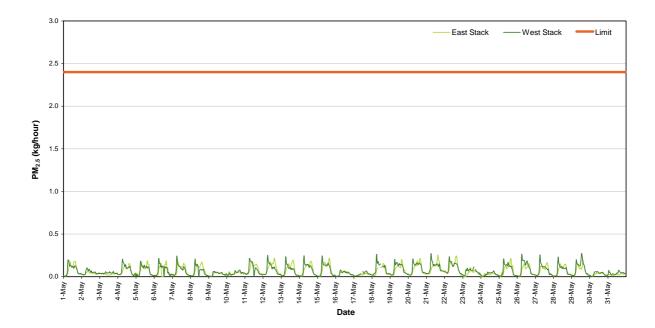


Figure 8: PM_{2.5} Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



7.2.2 PM₁₀

 PM_{10} was continuously monitored and 5-minute averages logged. The 5 minute average data was then transformed to 1 hour averages for reporting.

 PM_{10} (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 13. A plot of PM_{10} (1 hour average) mass rate of emission for the reporting period is presented in Figure 9.

Table 13: PM₁₀ Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Ctation			PM ₁₀ Mass R	ate (kg/h) (1-H	our Average))	
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.45	0.33	0.30	0.25	0.21	0.16	0.06
Western	0.53	0.36	0.30	0.24	0.20	0.15	0.06

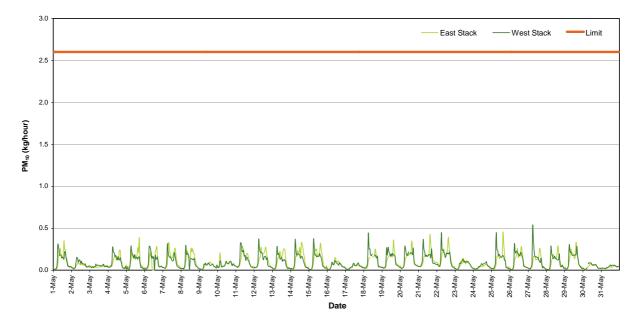


Figure 9: PM₁₀ Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



7.2.3 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 14. A plot of carbon monoxide (1 hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 10.

Table 14: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Otatian		Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)									
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th				
Eastern	28	25	23	20	14	10	7.0				
Western	33	29	26	20	17	13	9.0				

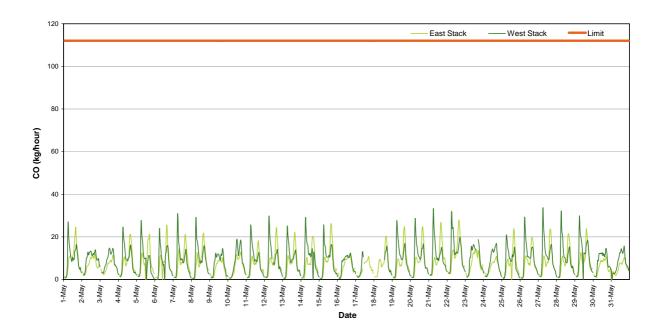


Figure 10: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)

7.2.4 Oxides of Nitrogen

7.2.4.1 Nitric Oxide

Nitric oxide (1-hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 15. A plot of nitric oxide (1-hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 11.

Table 15: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

	Nitric Oxide Concentration (ppm) (1-Hour Average)							
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th	
Eastern	4.9	4.3	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.3	1.3	
Western	13	10	9.5	7.4	6.3	5.0	3.1	

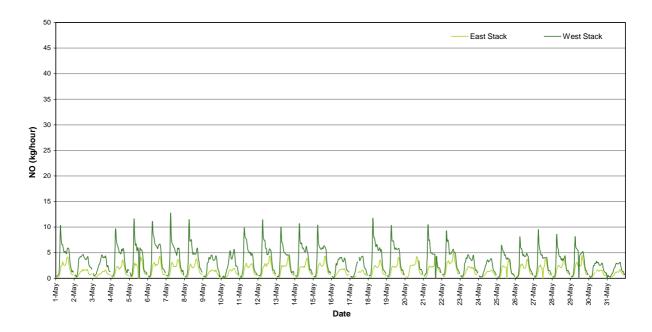


Figure 11: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



7.2.4.2 Nitrogen Dioxide

Nitrogen dioxide (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 16. A plot of nitrogen dioxide (1 hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 12.

Ctation	Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)						
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1
Western	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.3

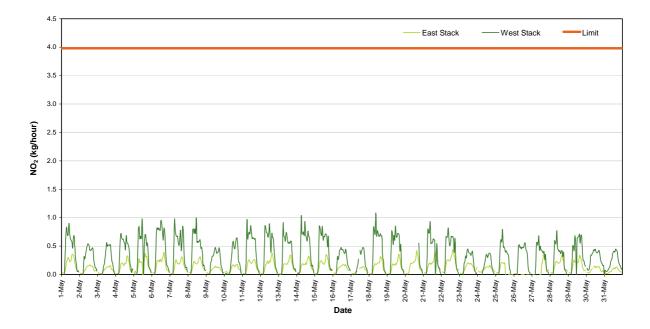


Figure 12: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



7.2.5 Stack Velocity

The stack velocity (1 hour average) plot for the reporting period is presented in Figure 13.

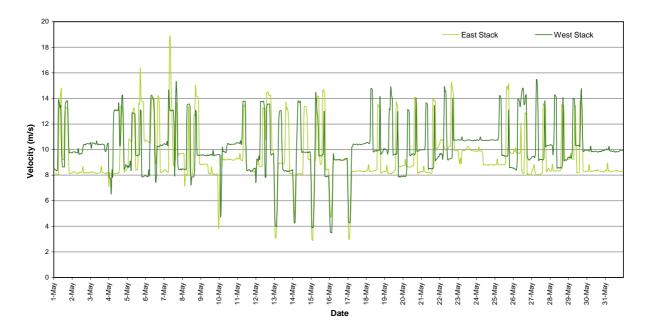


Figure 13: Stack Velocity (1 Hour Average)



7.3 Data Validation and Exception

Data contained in the report has been validated against performance and calibration requirements for each instrument. Data during maintenance and calibration periods has been removed from the validated data sets. Tables 17 and 18 list the data exceptions for the eastern and western ventilation stacks respectively. Data during automatic calibrations of the gaseous atmospheric contaminants has also been removed from the data sets.

Table 17: Data Exceptions - Eastern Ventilation Stack: May 2009

Eastern Ventilation Stack								
Start	End	Parameter	Reason					
5/05/2009 11:50	5/05/2009 13:00	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , CO	Maintenance/calibration					
6/05/2009 10:30	6/05/2009 13:20	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration					
6/05/2009 10:40	6/05/2009 11:10	СО	Maintenance/calibration					
25/05/2009 12:55	25/05/2009 13:40	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					
25/05/2009 12:55	25/05/2009 13:45	СО	Maintenance/calibration					
27/05/2009 12:30	27/05/2009 13:05	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					

Table 18: Data Exceptions - Western Ventilation Stack: May 2009

	Western Ventilation Stack									
Start	End	Parameter	Reason							
5/05/2009 13:20	5/05/2009 14:10	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , CO	Maintenance/calibration							
6/05/2009 13:25	6/05/2009 14:05	PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration							
6/05/2009 13:30	6/05/2009 14:05	PM ₁₀	Maintenance/calibration							
6/05/2009 13:30	6/05/2009 14:00	CO	Maintenance/calibration							
6/05/2009 21:35	6/05/2009 22:05	PM _{2.5}	Unrealistic data							
8/05/2009 11:00	8/05/2009 11:45	PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration							
8/05/2009 11:00	8/05/2009 11:50	PM ₁₀	Maintenance/calibration							
11/05/2009 11:50	11/05/2009 12:25	PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration							
14/05/2009 16:10	14/05/2009 16:45	CO	Maintenance/calibration							
21/05/2009 15:45	21/05/2009 16:15	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration							
29/05/2009 10:55	29/05/2009 12:00	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x , CO	Maintenance/calibration							



8.0 VENTILATION STACK EMISSION MONITORING PERIOD: 01/06/2009 – 30/06/2009

8.1 Data Capture

Data capture is defined as the number of valid data periods collected divided by the number of available data periods. Valid data excludes periods where the instrument is unavailable due to calibration and maintenance and excludes periods where the data has been rejected due to quality assurance/data validation procedures.

The data capture statistics for the reporting period 1st June to 30th June, 2009 are shown in Table 19. Averages were only collected for those periods where the 5 minute data constituted 75% data capture.

Section 8.3 provides further information on the reasons for invalid data periods.

Parameter	Station	Collected Periods	Available Periods	Data Capture
PM _{2.5}	Eastern	717	720	99.6%
	Western	718	720	99.7%
PM ₁₀	Eastern	716	720	99.4%
	Western	719	720	99.9%
NO, NO ₂	Eastern	681	720	94.6%
	Western	652	720	90.6%
СО	Eastern	685	720	95.1%
	Western	689	720	95.7%

Table 19: Data Capture Statistics - 1 Hour Averages



8.2 Results

8.2.1 PM_{2.5}

 $PM_{2.5}$ was continuously monitored and 5-minute averages logged. The 5-minute average data was then transformed to 1-hour averages for reporting.

 $PM_{2.5}$ (1-hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 20. A plot of $PM_{2.5}$ (1-hour average) mass rate of emission for the reporting period is presented in Figure 14.

Table 20: PM_{2.5} Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Quartiere	PM _{2.5} Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)								
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th		
Eastern	0.33	0.18	0.17	0.15	0.13	0.10	0.04		
Western	0.45	0.23	0.22	0.17	0.14	0.10	0.04		

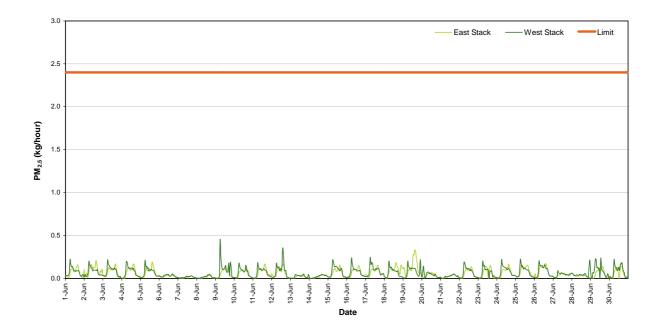


Figure 14: PM_{2.5} Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)

8.2.2 PM₁₀

 PM_{10} was continuously monitored and 5 minute averages logged. The 5 minute average data was then transformed to 1-hour averages for reporting.

 PM_{10} (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 21. A plot of PM_{10} (1 hour average) mass rate of emission for the reporting period is presented in Figure 15.

Table 21: PM₁₀ Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Ctation			PM ₁₀ Mass R	ate (kg/h) (1-H	lour Average)		
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.43	0.29	0.27	0.24	0.19	0.14	0.05
Western	0.56	0.32	0.29	0.22	0.19	0.13	0.05

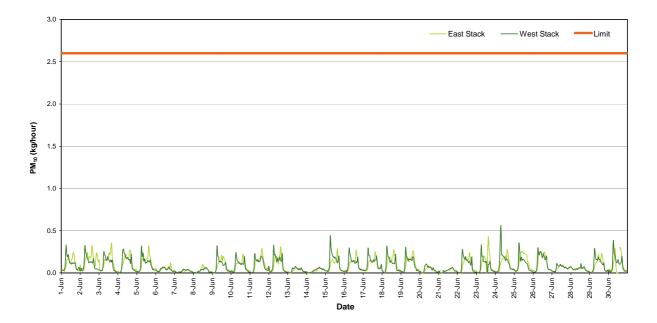


Figure 15: PM₁₀ Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)





8.2.3 Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (1 hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 22. A plot of carbon monoxide (1 hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 16.

Table 22: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Otatian	Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)						
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	27	24	24	21	15	10	7.2
Western	31	29	27	22	16	12	8.9

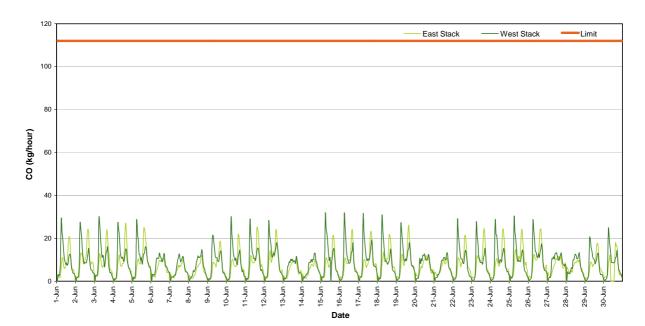


Figure 16: Carbon Monoxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)

8.2.4 Oxides of Nitrogen

8.2.4.1 Nitric Oxide

Nitric oxide (1-hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 23. A plot of nitric oxide (1-hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 17.

Table 23: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate Percentiles (1 Hour Average)

Quality		Nitric) (1-Hour Ave	erage)			
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	4.8	4.1	3.9	3.5	2.9	2.3	1.2
Western	11	10	9.4	7.2	6.1	4.8	2.9

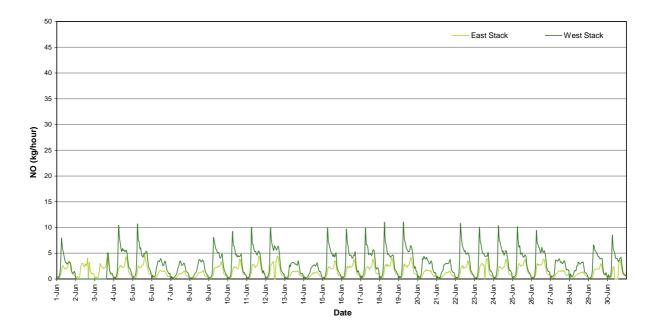


Figure 17: Nitric Oxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



8.2.4.2 Nitrogen Dioxide

Nitrogen dioxide (1-hour average) mass rate of emission statistics for the reporting period are given in Table 24. A plot of nitrogen dioxide (1-hour average) mass rate for the reporting period is presented in Figure 18.

Otatian	Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (kg/h) (1-Hour Average)						
Station	Maximum	99 th	98 th	95 th	90 th	75 th	50 th
Eastern	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1
Western	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.4

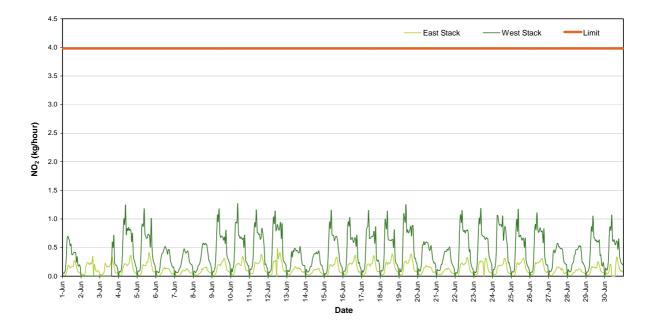


Figure 18: Nitrogen Dioxide Mass Rate (1 Hour Average)



8.2.5 Stack Velocity

The stack velocity (1 hour average) plot for the reporting period is presented in Figure 19.

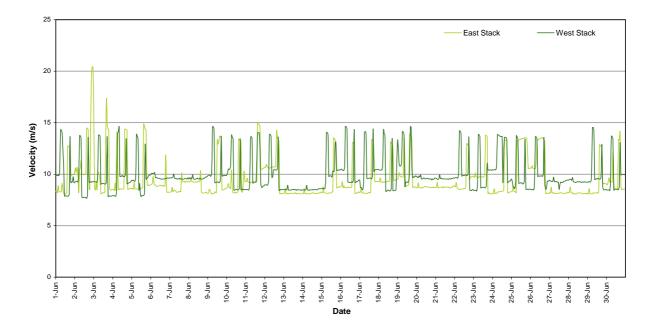


Figure 19: Stack Velocity (1 Hour Average)



8.3 Data Validation and Exception

Data contained in the report has been validated against performance and calibration requirements for each instrument. Data during maintenance and calibration periods has been removed from the validated data sets. Tables 25 and 26 list the data exceptions for the eastern and western ventilation stacks respectively. Data during automatic calibrations of the gaseous atmospheric contaminants has also been removed from the data sets.

Table 25: Data Exceptions - Eastern Ventilation Stack: June 2009

Eastern Ventilation Stack								
Start	End	Parameter	Reason					
2/06/2009 16:20	2/06/2009 16:50	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					
12/06/2009 11:40	12/06/2009 12:15	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					
16/06/2009 12:50	16/06/2009 12:50	All parameters	Data logger error					
17/06/2009 7:10	17/06/2009 7:10	All parameters	Data logger error					
23/06/2009 13:15	23/06/2009 13:35	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					
23/06/2009 13:25	23/06/2009 14:00	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration					

Table 26: Data Exceptions - Western Ventilation Stack: June 2009

Western Ventilation Stack								
Start	End	Parameter	Reason					
2/06/2009 0:30	3/06/2009 14:10	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Instrument out of service					
3/06/2009 14:10	3/06/2009 15:20	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					
15/06/2009 13:15	15/06/2009 13:40	СО	Maintenance/calibration					
23/06/2009 14:00	23/06/2009 14:35	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration					
29/06/2009 12:00	29/06/2009 12:35	PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration					
30/06/2009 9:20	30/06/2009 13:45	NO, NO ₂ , NO _x	Maintenance/calibration					
30/06/2009 9:20	30/06/2009 14:00	PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5}	Maintenance/calibration					



9.0 **DISCUSSION**

9.1 Comparison with Licence Limits

EastLink emissions to air from the road tunnel ventilation stacks DP1 and DP2 are subject to the licence requirements contained in Environment Protection Authority (Victoria) Waste Discharge Licence No. EA 63607.

The maximum measured 1 hour average mass rate for each parameter is compared with the applicable licence limit in Table 27.

Discharge Point No.	Discharge Description	Compound	Mass Rate ((kg/h)	Licence Limit (kg/h)
1	Western ventilation stack	PM _{2.5}	0.45	2.4
		PM ₁₀	0.84	2.6
		NO ₂	1.3	3.98
		СО	33	112
2	Eastern ventilation stack	PM _{2.5}	0.39	2.4
		PM ₁₀	0.52	2.6
		NO ₂	0.71	3.98
		СО	31	112

Table 27: Maximum (1 Hour Average) Mass Rate (01/04/2009 - 30/06/2009)

There were no exceedences of the licence limits for DP1 and DP2 during the reporting period. Data capture statistics for 2009 year to date (01/01/2009 – 30/06/2009) are presented in Table 28.

Table 28: Data Capture Year to Date

Station	NO, NO ₂	со	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀
Eastern	96.0	97.3	93.3	86.8
Western	96.0	96.7	76.8	99.8



Report Signature Page

M.D. ful.

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APPENDIX A Limitations





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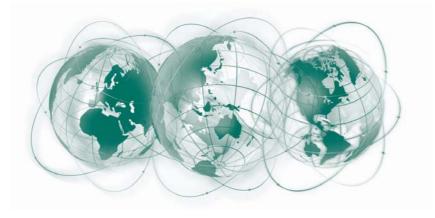
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